

**FINAL %**



CODE: AFL1502

## OCTOBER/NOVEMBER 2017

# AFRICAN LANGUAGE AND CULTURE IN PRACTICE

**Make a cross (X) next to the language in which you have chosen to answer the examination questions**

IsiZulu      IsiXhosa      Sesotho sa Leboa      Setswana      Sesotho      Siswati      IsiNdebele      Tshivenda      Xitsonga      English

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### **Subject**

### **Number of paper**

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## **Examination centre**

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**AFL1502**

October/November 2017

**AFRICAN LANGUAGE AND CULTURE IN PRACTICE**

Duration 2 Hours

100 Marks

**EXAMINERS  
FIRST**
 MS C KHOZA  
 MRS RJ LUBAMBO  
 MRS NJ MALELE  
 PROF MR MASUBELELE  
 MR OJ MOKAKALE

 DR KY LADZANI  
 MS MM MAHWASANE  
 MS JN MALOBOLA-NDLOVU  
 DR N MASUKU
**Closed book examination**

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**This paper consists of 50 pages**

Questions in this paper are in English as well as isiXhosa, isiZulu, Siswati, isiNdebele, Setswana, Sesotho, Sesotho sa Leboa, Tshivenda and Xitsonga. Please choose ONE language to answer the questions. Please indicate on the outside cover of your exam paper which includes your answer book, which language you have chosen. When answering your questions you should use the same language throughout. Code-switching between languages will result in a penalty and the loss of well-deserved marks.

**NB The answer book is on page 23**

**Those who would prefer to answer in an African Language of their choice may do so by selecting the following:**

Englisch	page 2 - 3
IsiZulu	page 4 - 6
IsiXhosa	page 7 - 8
Sesotho sa Leboa	page 9 - 10
Setswana	page 11 - 12
Sesotho	page 13
Siswati	page 14 - 16
isiNdebele	page 17 - 18
Tshivenda	page 19 - 20
Xitsonga	page 21 - 22
Answer book	page 23 - 50

- INSTRUCTIONS:**
- (a) All questions in this paper are compulsory.
  - (b) All answers must be written in the exam booklet on page 23.
  - (c) **ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS IN THE LANGUAGE OF YOUR CHOICE.**

[TURN OVER]

**ENGLISH****QUESTION 1**

- (a) Briefly explain what 'Ubuntu' is and tell us what is it that you do in your culture that depicts 'Ubuntu' (10)
- (b) Explain the relationship between language and culture (5)
- (c) Name the two major divisions of sounds distinguished in Phonetics and then describe 4 differences between these two divisions of sounds (10)  
**/25/**

**QUESTION 2**

- (a) What is meant by the term 'noun class system'? Provide examples from your chosen African language (8)
- (b) The forming of nouns from the roots of verbs is a common occurrence in the African languages. Discuss this occurrence by using examples from your chosen African language (8)
- (c) (i) Choose the sentence from your African language, identify the word category in the underlined part and explain its structure

**Sesotho:** Kgomo ya Malome e lahlehile (Uncle's cow is lost)

**Sesotho sa Leboa** Kgomo ya monna e timetše (The man's cow is lost)

**Setswana** Dinku tsa ga malome di tsetse tsotlhe (All my uncle's sheep have lambs (gave birth))

**IsiZulu** Inkomo yendoda ilahlekile (The cow of the man is lost)

**IsiXhosa** Inkomo yendoda ilahlekile (The cow of the man is lost)

**Siswati** Liswidzi lemntfwana lingcolile (The child's sweet is dirty)

**IsiNdebele** Indlu yakwaMotha itjhile (Motha's house has burnt)

**Tshivenda** Bugu ya Tshinakaho yo xela (Tshinakaho's book is lost)

**Xitsonga:** Homu ya xinuna yi lahlekile (The cow of the man is lost)

(5)

- (ii) From the sentence in (i) above in your chosen African language, write down the **verb** in the sentence and discuss its structure (4)

**/25/**

**QUESTION 3**

- (a) Explain the differences between a short story and a novel Validate your answer by giving relevant examples (20)
- (b) Various factors can influence the creativity of an oral performer of folklore and can make the narration more vivid, interesting and convincing Discuss 4 of these factors (5)
- /25/

**QUESTION 4**

- (a) What is the term for praise poems in your chosen African language? Now discuss 4 functions of praise poems (5)
- (b) A drama usually consists of a plot which may be divided into 4 stages Discuss these stages and show how the characters in a drama may help to develop the plot (10)
- (c) Slogans are used to empower, encourage or incite people Write down one slogan that you know that can elicit one of these responses and explain why it is able to do so (5)
- (d) Choose two animals that are used in clan praises or praises for a sport team and explain the reasons for the choice of these animals (5)
- /25/

**TOTAL OF MARKS: [100]**

**ISIZULU****INGXENYE YOKUQALA****UMBUZO 1**

- (a) (i) Ngabe uyavumelana yini nokuthi Ubuntu bumayelana nokwakha isizwe? Sekela impendulo yakho ngezibonele ezifanele (5)
- (ii) Chaza ubudlelwano phakathi kolimi nesiko (5)

**Unyaka omusha**

"Sahamba nomama ukuya **endlini**<sup>(3)</sup> akuyo umkami Sangena Fana Waqala phansi umkami ngokukhala Kuthi uma simncenga, uthi ukulotha **umsindo**<sup>(1)</sup> **Umama**<sup>(1)</sup> abheke mina sengathu uthi angikhethu ukuthi yiliphi-ke manje iwele okuhanjiwa **nalo**<sup>(3)</sup> **Nginikine ikhanda**<sup>(2)</sup> Ngimbone umama egoba ezibuka izingane Zilele azithi nyaka Athule umama Elule **isandla**<sup>(3)</sup> Siqhaqhazele Athinte **ingalo**<sup>(2)</sup> yengane Ayiyeke Aselule futhi Athinte enye ingane Ayiyeke Asonge izandla Umkami uthule ingathi usomile qha ubuka izingane **zakhe**<sup>(3)</sup> Umama ubheke mina Mina ngibheke umkami Uthule umkami akathi nyaka Yizinyembezi nje ezilokhu zithe dli, **ziconsela** phansi

DBZ Ntuli Uthingo Iwenkosazana

- (b) Phendula imibuzo elandelayo uyibhekise esiqeshini esingenhla

- (1) Ngabe amabizo aphawulwe ngo-1 asesigabeni esifanayo yini? Ukusho ngani lokho? (2)
- (2) Shono ukuthi amabizo aphawulwe ngo-2 akuziphi izigaba zamabizo bese ukhipha iziqalo zalawo mabizo (2)
- (3) Cozulula amagama adwetshelwe ngezakhni ezifanele (7)
- (4) (i) Yiliphi igama elinesijobelelo kulesi siqephu? (1)  
(ii) Tomula isijobelelo segama oliveze ku-4(i) ngenhla bese usho ukuthi nhloboni yesijobelelo (1)  
(iii) Chaza ngenguuko yomsindo eyenzeke egameni oliveze ku-4(i) (1)  
(iv) Ibizwa ngani le nhlobo yokuguquka komsindo? (1)

/25/

**UMBUZO 2**

- (a) Shono ukuthi amagama asetshenziswe emshweni olandelayo asebenza msebenzi muni  
'Umama ubheke mina' (6)
- (b) Igama elithi 'yizinyembezi ngabe liwucezu luni lwenkulomo? (2)
- (c) Ngabe igama elithi *ikhanda*, kanye nelithi *isandla*, anezivumelwano zenhloko ezifanayo yini? Ukusho ngani lokho? (2)
- (d) Nikeza izivumelwano zenhloko zamagama aku-(c) ngenhla? (2)
- (e) Tomula amagama amabili asebenze njengenhlko yomusho esiqeshini esingenhla (2)
- (f) Tomula amagama abe mahlanu asetshenziswe njengesilandiso esiqeshini esingenhla (5)
- (g) Shono ukuthi amagama aphawulwe ngo-3 azingcezu zini zenkulomo (3)
- (h) Nikeza igama elinomqondo ophikisana nelithi -khala (1)
- (i) Tomula amagama amabili asebenze njengesandiso sendawo esiqeshini esingenhla (2)

/25/

**INGXENYE YESIBILI****UMBUZO 3**

- (a) (i) Ngabe siyini isiphicaphicwano? (2)  
(ii) Zibaluleke ngani iziphicaphicwano? (2)  
(iii) Ngesinjani isiphicaphicwano esifushane? Nikeza isibonelo (3)  
(iv) Ngesinjani isiphicaphicwano eside? Nikeza isibonelo (3)
- (b) (Hluza indatshana esihloko sithi "**UMamsibi nezibuko**" etholakala encwadini ka-DBZ Ntuli ngaphansi kwalezi zihloko ezilandelayo
- (i) Isingeniso  
(ii) Ukuqoqeka kwesikhathu nendawo  
(iii) Ukuqoqeka kwabafingiswa  
(iv) Kanye nesiphetho (15)

/25/

**UMBUZO 4**

- (a) Yiziphī izimpawu eziggamisa umdlalo **womoya?** Khetha umdlalo osihloko sīthī “**Kuyangima-ke lokhu**” encwadīni kaMaphumulo bese uwuhluzu ngokusebenzīsa izimpawu ezifanele **(15)**

- (b) **Funda inkondlo engezansi bese uphendula imibuzo elandelayo**

**LESO SIVAKASHI**

Ekungqongozeni kwakhe ngaqhaqhazela,  
 Wangen' endlini ngīngamvulelanga,  
 Wahlala namī ngendlovuyangena,  
 Walala namī ngendlovuyangena

Wangiheka usulu ngiphaquphaquza,  
 Wangihlek' inhlīnī nglajileka,  
 Wangicish' umoya eqhosha,  
 Wangiqhoshela ngikweqa amhlophe

Wangiwola ngezndlakazi,uNoliqhwa  
 Wangithinta ngezinyawokazi uNoliqhwa  
 Wangembesa ngengubo yamakhaza,  
 Wangibeka endlini yamakhaza

(Msimang,1990 3)

- |                                                                                                                                        |     |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|
| (i) Phawula okushiwo yile nkondlo                                                                                                      | (3) |
| (ii) Nikeza izibonelo ezimbili zemvumelwano sīqalo                                                                                     | (2) |
| (iii) Nikeza izibonelo ezimbili zokuxhumana okutholakala enkondlweni                                                                   | (2) |
| (iv) Kukhona <b>umfanekiso-mqondo</b> osetshenziswe kakhulu kule nkondlo Yimuphi?<br>Nikeza izibonelo ezimbili zalowo mfanekiso-mqondo | (3) |

/10/

[25]

**ISAMBA. [100]**

## ISIXHOSA

### UMBUZO 1

- (a) Xoxa ngokufutshane ngeli gama lithi *Ubuntu* uze utsho ukuba ingaba eyakho inkubeko iyabuquka okanye ayibuquki *Ubuntu* Impendulo yakho mayiboniswe ngemizekelo kwimpilo yemihla ngemihla (10)
- (b) Funda esi sicutshulwa singezantsi uze uphendule imibuzo ebuzwe ngaso

#### Kwindlela esinga ehasino

**Kwaphuma** apha kuwo intsundwanekazi encothukileyo, umcuthalala welambalidlile, inxibe ibhulukhwana emfutshane enomntla othe nca ohambelana nebhulukhwana leyo ofihle amabele nje kuphela. Esi sinxibo sasiyifanele le mini kuba kwakushushu. Lwalukhululekile ulusu lwenzwakazi ikwanoncumo oluthandekayo. Intamo yayithiwe gqume lunwele oluhle. Isinxibo sayo sasilukhuphe ngokupheleleyo uluthi lwayo olwalungathi lwalusenziwa ngumbumbi owayenethuba elaneleyo lokucokisia nonobuchule obubodwa. Ezindlebeni kwakujinga amacici edayimanı athe akuhlatywa yimitha yelanga kwatsho kwatak' iintlantsi. La macici ayehambelana nentsinjana yomqala eneqhuqhutyana elimilise okwentliziyo apha ngaphambili. (by N Mayosi, 2003 1)

- (i) Xoxa nangawaphi na amaqqabane ama-5 athi afumaneka kwesi sicutshulwa singentla apha ngokubhekiselele
- Ukubakho okanye ukungabikho kwelizwi xa ephinyiselwa
  - Indawo yophimiselo (10)
- (ii) Kwisicatshulwa, igama **ezindlebeni** kwenzeke unyuso Iwesikhamsi Chaza ukuba kutheni (5)

/25/

### UMBUZO 2

- (a) Ngokubhekiselele kwisicatshulwa esingentla kumbuzo 1(b), phendula le mibuzo ilandelayo
- (i) Khetha igama kwisicatshulwa uze uxoxe ngokufutshane 'ngesakhı segama' (3)
  - (ii) Khetha isibizo kwisicatshulwa uze usisebenzise ekuchazeni ukwakhiwa kwezibizo kusetyenziswa ingcambu yesenzi (5)
  - (iii) Khetha isenzi kwisicatshulwa ubonise ukuba intsingiselo yaso ingatshintshwa njani kusetyenziswa izimamva (5)
  - (iv) Bonisa ngamagama athathwe kwisicatshulwa ukubaluleka kwesiphawuli kwisibizo (5)
- (b) Chaza ukwakheka okusisiseko kwesivakalisi ngokuthi usebenzise imizekelo efumaneka kwisicatshulwa esingentla apha (7)

/25/

### UMBUZO 3

- (a) Chaza eli gama lithi uncwadi lwemveli ngokubhekiselele kwimo yalo kune nendima ethi idhalwe ngababukeli ekudalaweni koncwadi lwemveli kwilwimi zase-Afrika (7)
  - (b) Idrama ikholsa ukuba nesakhiwo esahlulwe ngokwamanqanaba ama-4 Chaza la manqanaba uze ubonise ukuba abalinganiswa kwidrama banganceda njani ukupuhulisa isakhiwo (7)
  - (c) Ibalí elifutshane kune nenovelí kokubini kunxulunyaniswa nokubaliswa kwamabalí, nangona kunjalo kwahluka ngeendlela ezinanzi Xoxa ngale ngongoma ngokuthi uthelekise ibali elifutshane kune nenovelí osandula ukuzifunda (10)
  - (d) Gqibezela esi sivakalisi silandelayo Kwishobe, umfanekiso-ntelekelelo wensiwe ngokusebenzisa izafobe ezifana kune (1)
- /25/

### UMBUZO 4

- (a) Chaza
    - (i) Uhlobo, kune
    - (ii) Nomsebenzi weziduko kwilwimi zase-Afrika (10)
  - (b) Ukusetyenziswa kwezilwanyana kwizilogani yindlela exphaphakileyo kwilwimi zase-Afrika Xoxa ngendalela okwenziwa ngayo oku, impawu zezilwanyana ezinxulunyaniswa namanye amaqela ezemidlalo owaziyo (10)
  - (c) Xoxa ngendima eddalwa ziintengiso ekwenzeni iindlela abantu bathi bazibone ngazo okanye bafunde ngazo ngokuthi ubhekiselele nakweyiphu intengiso okhe wadibana nayo (5)
- /25/

**AMANQAKU EWONKE: [100]**

## SESOTHO SA LEBOA

### POTŠIŠO 1

- (a) Ka bokopana hlaloša gore 'Botho' ke eng, o be o re botše gore ke eng seo o se dírago ka setšo sa geno seo se bontšago ' Botho' (10)
- (b) Hlaloša kamano magareng ga polelo le setšo (5)
- (c) Efa díkarolo tše kgolo tše pedi tša medumo tše dífarologanywago go Thutamedumo, o be o hlalose dípharologanyo tše 4 magareng ga díkarolo tše pedi tša medumo (10)  
**/25/**

### POTŠIŠO 2

- (a) Na lereo le 'lenaneo la magoroina' le ra eng? Re laetše ka mehlala ya maleba ya Sesotho sa Leboa (8)
- (b) Go hlama maína go tšwa medung ya madíri ke mokgwa wo o tlwaelegilego mo malemeng a Seafrika Hlaloša mokgwa woo ka go fa mehlala go tšwa go Sesotho sa Leboa (8)
- (c) (i) Lebelela lefoko leo le latelago Re fe leina la legorontšu le le thaletšwego o be o hlalose sebolepego sa lona  
Kgomo ya malome e timetše (5)
- (ii) Go tšwa lefokong leo le lego go (i) ka godimo, ngwala ledíri o be o hlalose sebolepego sa lona (4)  
**/25/**

### POTŠIŠO 3

- (a) Hlaloša dípharologano tše dílego gona gare ga kanegelokopana le padí Tlúšetša karabo ya gago ka go fa mehlala ya maleba (20)
- (b) Go na le mabaka a mantši a a ka huetšago boakanyi bja moanegi wa díkanegelotšhaba, ao a dírago gore kanegelo e phele, e be bose e be e kgodíše Ahlaahla a mane a mabaka ao (5)  
**/25/**

**POTŠIŠO 4**

- (a) Ahlaahla mehola ye meraro ya thetotumišo  
Hlaloša lereo le thetotumišo o be o fe mehola ye mene ya thetotumišo (5)
- (b) Ahlaahla magato a mane a papadı (terama) Re botše le gore baanegwa ba papadı ba  
thuša bjang go tšwetša morero pele (10)
- (c) Meano ye e atišago go gobelwa e šomišwa go fa maatla, go hloholeletša goba go  
thabiša batho Ngwala koša ye tee yeo o e tsebago ye e ka tšweletšago e tee ya  
maikutlo a o be o fe lebaka (5)
- (d) Kgetha diphooftolo tše pedı tše o diphooftolo tše pedı tše o diphooftolo tše  
dihlopha tsha dipapadı gomme o hlaloše mabaka a a dirilego gore go kgethwe tsona  
diphooftolo tše (5)

/25/

**PALOMOKA: [50 X 2 = 100]**

## SETSWANA

### POTSO 1

- (a) Tlhalosa lereo "Botho" ka mafoko a gago Mo karabong ya gago, tlhalosa gore ke eng se o se direlang bagaeno mo botshelong jwa gago, go rurifatsa bokao jwa se botho e leng sone (10)
- (b) Puo le setso di bapile jaaka marago, mme go di kgaoganya ke botubi jwa nta ya motopo Dumela kgotsa o ganetse mogopolo o, o ntse o swaetsa ka dikao tse di tshegetsang tshekatsheko ya gago (5)
- (c) Tlhalosa le go neela mefuta mengwe fela e mebedi ya medumo e e farologanggwang mo thutong ya fonetiki (10)  
**/25/**

### POTSO 2

- (a) Mafoko a "ditlhophha tsa maina" a fitlhelwa mo dipuong tsa Bantsho tse go begwang fa di amana thata e bile e le tsa lelapa le le lengwe Tlhalosa ka mela e le merataro gore go tewang ka mafoko a mo Setswaneng Naya dikao di le pedi tsa ditlhophha tse mo puong ya gago (8)
- (b) Tlhamo ya maina go tswa mo dikutung tsa madiri ke tiragalo e e twaelegileng mo dipuong tsa Bantsho Tlhalosa ntlha e mme o neye dikao tse di maleba (8)
- (c) Lebelela dipolelo tse di latelang mme o arabe dipotso tse di fa tlase

#### *A. Basimane ba rata go nna kwa morago*

- (I) Ntsha dikarolopuo tse di latelang mo polelong e e fa gadimo
- |   |                      |
|---|----------------------|
| 1 | letiro               |
| 2 | tlhalosi ya modiriso |
| 3 | sedirwa              |
| 4 | sediri               |
- (4)

#### *B. Dipitse tse ditilodi tse pedi di fula bojang jo botala*

- (II) Ntsha matlhaodi otihe a re nang le one mo Setswaneng mo polelong e e fa godimo (3)
- (III) Mo go polelo (B) fa godimo, tlhalosa gore leina 'ditilodi' le bopegile jang (2)  
**/25/**

**POTSO 3**

- (a) Fela jaaka mawelana, Khutshwe le Padı dı a tshwana le fa go na le dipharologano fa le fale Naya dipharologano tse mme o tlhage o šabetsa ka dikao go ungwa maungo a dipholo tse di utlwlang (20)
- (b) Dintlha dı le dintsı dı ka tlhotlheletsa bokgonı jwa tiragatso ya molomo ya ditlhamañe, mme di ka dira gore kanelo e nne le boleng e be e nne e e dumelesegang Sekaseka di le nne (4) tsa dintlha tse (4)
- (c) Naya leina la dibopiwa tsa mokwalaterama mo terameng (1)  
**/25/**

**POTSO 4**

- (a) Go tewa eng ka lereo "Poko ya Kgoro", neela mesola e le meraro (3) ya mofuta o wa pokon (5)
- (b) Ka gale terama e kgaogantswe ka dikgato dı le nne (4) Sekaseka dikgato tse mme o bontshe gore badiragatsı ba ka thusa jang ka tsweletso ya poloto mo terameng (8)
- (c) Naya ponagalo e le nngwe fela (1) e terama e ikgantshang ka yone, morago o tlhalose gore ke goreng go dumelwa gore terama e ikgantsha ka ponagalo e (3)
- (d) Dipinatsekedi (slogans) dı natlafatsa le go rotloetsa batho Neela nngwe ya dipinatsekedi tse o dı itseng e bile e kgona go kgotsofatsa ditlhokego tse, o be o tlhalose gore ke eng e kgona go dira jalo (5)
- (e) Neela diphologolo dı le pedı tse di dirisiwang mo pokong ya kgoro kgotsa dı dirisiwa ke ditlhophpha tsa motshameko mme o tlhalose gore o gopola gore ke eng dı tlhophetswe lebaka leo (4)  
**/25/**

**PALOGOTLHE: [100]**

## SESOTHO

### POTSO 1

- (a) Hlalosa 'Botho' ka ho fana ka mehlala mothehong wa Basotho (10)  
 (b) Hlalosa kamano pakeng tsa puo le moetlo (5)  
 (c) Fana ka mefuta e mmedi ya sehlooho ya medumo e kgethollang Fonetiki, mme hona o qoqe ka diphapang tse nne pakeng tsa mefuta e mmedi ya medumo ena Sesothong (10)  
**/25/**

### POTSO 2

- (a) Ho bolelwa eng ka dihlopha tsa mabitso? Fana ka mehlala Sesothong (8)  
 (b) Ho botjwa ha lebitso ka ho sebedisa metso ya maetsi ke tlwaelo Sesothong Qoqa ka tlwaelo ena ka ho fana ka mehlala ya Sesotho (8)  
 (c) (i) Sheba polelo e latelang, o qolle karolo ya lentswe le takilweng polelong e ka tlase, mme o hlalose sebopheho sa lona

**Kgomonya monna e lahlehile** (5)

(ii) Sheba polelo ho (i) ka hodimo, o qolle **leetsi** polelong moo, mme o hlalose sebopheho sa lona (4)  
**/25/**

### POTSO 3

- (a) Hlalosa phapang pakeng tsa palekgutshwe le nobele Matlafatsa karabo ya hao ka mehlala (20)  
 (b) Ditaba tse ding di ka hlohleletsa qalo ya mopheti wa ditshomo mme di ka natefisa polelo ka ho e fa boleng e be e kgodiswang Hlalosa (5)  
**/25/**

### POTSO 4

- (a) Dithoko ke eng? Qoqa ka mesebetsi e mene ya dithoko (5)  
 (b) Ka tlwaelo terama e na le poloto e ka arolwang ka mehato e mene Qoqa ka mehato ena mme o bontshe mokgwa oo baphetwa ba ka thusang ho hodisa poloto (10)  
 (c) Mapetjo a ka sebediswa ho fa batho matla, ho kgothatsa kapa ho susumetsa batho Ngola lepetjo le leng le tsejwang ke wena le ka sebedisang malkutlo ana, mme o hlalose mabaka ao lepetjo lena le kgonang ho baka maikutlo ana (5)  
 (d) Kgetha diphoofolo tse pedi tse sebediswang dithokong tsa leloko kapa dithokong tsa dithimi tsa papadi, mme o hlalose mabaka a ho kgetha diphoofolo tsena (5)  
**/25/**

**KAKARETSO YA MATSHWAO: [100]**

## SISWATI

### **UMBUTO 1**

- 1 1 Coca kafuphi ngaleligama ***Ubuntu*** usho kwekutsi ngekwelisikomphilo iwakho nisabugcina buntfu nobe cha Sekela imphendvulo yakho ngetibonelo letenteka imihlangemihla  
(10)
- 1 2 Fundza lesicashunwa bese uphendvula imibuto lelandzelako

#### **LaMsibi Netibuko**

Uyatibuka Sophie Uyatimonyonga Ushaya **inkhwele<sup>(1)</sup>** **lencane<sup>(3)</sup>** yekujabula Atibuke Hawul Kukhona **umuntfu<sup>(2)</sup>** Iota emva kwakhe! Phendvukiyani! Akukho muntful! Lowo muntfu unyamalele Ingani umbone kahle nje kutsi nguye LaMsibi, evale buso bakhe ngeveli lemnyama, elule tandla shangatsi ufun<sup>(4)</sup> kutawubamba Sophie? Acalate **endlini<sup>(3)</sup>** yonkhe angaboni lutfo Atsi nabuka esibukweni futsi endlini yonkhe angaboni lutfo Atsi nabuka esibukweni futsi ambone kahle LaMsibi esondzela ngemuva kwakhe Agucuke akuna lutfo Abaleke agcwale indlu yonkhe nyalo, ate ayofulatsela sibuko lesi lesimkhombisa timanga Uma esifulatsele nyalo sewubukene neliwindi **lelikamele<sup>(3)</sup>** Nakulo utibona kancane Utsi nabukisisa awubone futsi umfanekiso wa LaMsibi esondzela ngemuva kwakhe Agucukele esibukweni lesisendlini Awubone sewungemuva kwakhe futsi umfanekiso waLaMsibi Akhale, ate ayoshayeka phansi, atsatse sikhwanyana sakhe

- (a) Ngabe emagama laphawulwe ku-1 na -2 asesigabeni lesifanako yini? Ukusho ngani lokho? (3)
- (b) Shano kutsi emagama ladvwetjelwe atitfo tini tenkhulomo (3)
- (c)
  - (i) Tomula ligama lelineselulo nobe sijobebelelo kulesicashunwa (1)
  - (ii) Veta lesijobebelelo/selulo lesivela egameni lolitomule kulomusho ngenhla (1)
  - (iii) Chaza ngengucuko yemisindvo leyenteke egameni lolikhetsile (1)
  - (iv) Ibitwanı lenhlobo yekugucuka kwemisindvo? (1)
- (d) Catulula uvete takhi taleligama leliku (2) ngenhla kulesicashumwa (3)
- (e) Kulesicashunwa kunetinhlobo tetabito letehlukile
  - (i) Tomula sabito selinanı kulesicephu (1)
  - (ii) Tomula sabito tekukhomba sibe sinye (1)

[25]

[TURN OVER]

**UMBUTO 2**

- (a) Chaza kuphinyiswa kwalabongwaca labacindzetelwe kulamagama, uvete indzawo lebaphinyiswa kuyo, kubakhona nekubete kwelivi sakhe, ngemuva (6)
- (b) Shano kutsi emagama lasetjentiswe emshweni lotsi *Uyatibuka Sophie* asebenta msebenti muni kulomusho (2)
- (c) Ligama lelitsi ***inkhwele*** ngabe lona lisebenta msebenti muni? (1)
- (d) Ngabe ligama lelitsi, ***inkhwele*** nalelitsi ***tandla***, anetivumelwano tenhloko letifanako yini? Ukusho ngani lokho? (3)
- (e) Tomula emagama lamabili lasebente njengenholo yemusho kulesicashunwa lesingenhla (2)
- (f) Tomula emagama abe matsatfu lasetjentiswe njengesilandziso kulesicashunwa lesingenhla (3)
- (g) Niketa emagama lamabili lanemcondvo lofanako nalelitsi ***-jabula*** (2)
- (h) Niketa emagama lamabili lanemcondvo lophikisa lelitsi ***-khala*** (2)
- (i) Coca ngekwakheka kwemusho elwirini IweSiswati Sekela imphendvulo yakho ngetibonelo letifanele (4)

[25]

**UMBUTO 3**

- (a) Coca ngaleligama “**buciko bemlomo**” ubhekise kubunjalo nendzima ledlalwa tetsamelelwati ekwetfulweni kwebuciko bemlomo elwirini lwemdzabu (4)
- (b) Umdlalo uvamise kuba nesakhiwo lesingahlukaniswa tigaba letine Coca ngaletigaba ubonise kutsi balangisi bemdlalo bangasita njani ekututfukiseni sakihiwo (8)
- (c) Kokubili indzaba lemfishane ne noveli kufaka ekhatsi kucocwa kwendzaba, kepha tiyehluka ngetindlela letinyenti Coca ngalombono ngekucatsanisa indzaba lemfishane ne noveli (10)
- (d) Etinkondlwani, imfanekiso mcondvo yakheka ngekusebentisa tinongo tenkhulumo letitsite Nika tibonelo taletotinongo tibe tintsatfu (3)

[25]

**UMBUTO 4**

- (a) Fundza lesinanatelo lesilandzelako bese uphendvu la imibuto lelandzelako

**Nkhambule!**  
**Msutfu!**  
**Mncube!**  
**Mlandzela langa,**  
**Msutfumswati,**  
**Mtilankhatsa,**  
**Wenalongatfwale! etukwenkhatsa,**  
**Wena lowehla nesilulu entsaben,**  
**Gasolo wamsutfu,**  
**Msutfu lotinyawo timasundvu,**  
**Msutfu longadli lihhashi.**

- (I) Sasiphī sibongo lesinanatelo lesingenhla (1)  
(II) Ngusiphī silwane lesitilwa kulesibongo? Shano sizatfu (3)  
(III) Yini lokunye lokutilwa bantfu balesibongo? (2)  
(IV) Yini leyentiwa bantfu balesibongo kadzeni? (2)  
(V) Ngusiphī lesinye sibongo lesibaliwe kulesinanatelo? Sibalulekengani kubantfu balesinanatelo? (2)  
(10)
- (b) Kusetjentiswa kwetilwane kutilogenı kuvamile etilwimini temdzabu Coca ubonise kutsi timphawu taletilwane teyamene njanı nalamanye emacembu etemidlalo lowatiko (10)
- (c) Coca ngendlela tikhangiso letingalungisa ngayo simongcondvo sebantfu labatibonako noma labatfundzako ngekubhekisa kunome ngusiphī sikhangiso loke wasibona (5)  
**[25]**
- EMAMAKI SEKAWONKHE: [100]**

## ISINDEBELE

### **UMBUZO 1**

- (a) Hlathulula kafitjhani kobana igama elithi 'Ubuntu' litjho ukuthini bewuveze lokho okwensiwa esikweni lakho ukuveza 'Ubuntu' Kilombuzo godu ulindeleke kobana unikele ilemuko ekungelakho (10)
- (b) Hlathulula ubudlewana phakathi kwelimi nesiko (5)
- (c) Nikela imikhakha emibili yamatjhada atholakala kumtlolomazombe bese uhlathulula umahluko okhona phakathi kwamatjhada lawo (10)  
**/25/**

### **UMBUZO 2**

- (a) Tlola iingaba zamabizo zoke zesiNdebele (8)
- (b) Kuvame khulu ukobana kwakhiwe amabizomuntu/ amabizonto ngokuwasusela ezenzweni Akhe uhlathulule ngokusebenzisa imbonelo la kwakhiwe khona amabizomuntu/nto (8)
- (c) (i) Funda umutjho olandelako bese uhlathulula bona amagama athalelwеко azinkhekhe banı zekulumo  
**UNozulu ukhambe izolo ngemodere enzima tshu** (5)
- (ii) Emutjhweni ongehla ku (i), tlola isenzo somutjho lo bese uhlathulula isaklıwo saso (isenzo) (4)  
**/25/**

### **UMBUZO 3**

- (a) Uyini umehluko hlangana kwendaba efitjhani Kanye nenovela Hlathulula bewusekele ngokunikela impendulo ngeembonelo ezinembako (20)
- (b) Coca ngokuzeleko isaklıwo sendaba efitjhana (5)  
**/25/**

### **UMBUZO 4**

- (a) Hlathulula inthakazeloo bese uveza nemisebenzi yeenthakazeloo (5)
- (b) Kanengi umdlalo unesihioko esibuye sihlukaniseke ngeengaba ezine Hlathulula iingabezo bese uveza nokobana abadali bangasithuthukisa njani isaklıwo sawo (10)
- (c) Inqubulo zisetjenziselwa ukunikela amandla, ukukhuthaza Kanye nokuthabisa abantu Tlola isiqubulo esisodwa owaziko bona singenza enye yemisebenzi yesiqubulo ebalweko, utjho nokobana kubayini singakwazi ukukwenza lokho (5)

- (d) Khetha iinlwana ezimbili ezisetjenziswa eenthakazelweni zesiqhema somdlalo othileko unikele nesizathu sokukhetha leso silwana (5)

/25/

**AMAMAKSI SEKAWOKE: [100]**

## TSHIVENDA

### MBUDZISO 1

- (a) "Through others I am someone" (English) or Cuilibet in sua arte perito est credendum (Latin) Kha vha ambe nga vhudalo nga ha vhuthu sa mulayo wo tanganyaho vhathu fhethu huthihî (10)
  - (b) Kha vha haseledze nga ha vhushaka vhukati ha luambo na mvelele Vha dodombedze uru luambo na mvelele ndi minî (7)
  - (c) Kha vha nee phambano vhukati ha pfalandothe na themba, vha dovhe vha sevhedze nga tsumbo tharu-tharu dzo teaho (8)
- /25/**

### MBUDZISO 2

- (a) Musi ri tshi amba nga ha Dvhafhungo kana Ngudo ya mbumbo ya mafhungo, ri vha ri tshi khou amba nga ha minî? Hone mafhungo ane ra a vhumba a vha a tshi bva ngafhi? (4)
  - (b) Fhungo khele! Ndo ya doroboni mulovha  
Kha vha li nwalulule kavhili vha sumbedza khwaθhisédzo/emphasis (4)
  - (c) "Shumanî hafhol"  
Kha heli fhungo hu nga bva masala mavhili Kha vha a topole vha sumbedze uru o da hanî (6)
  - (d) Kha vha sedze kha nyambedzano iyo i re afho fhasi  
  
**Zwiitwaho** Ndo da mulovha na Dovhani nda si ni wane  
**Tamisani** Hoo! Muθatshawe, ndo ni vhona hone ho vha hu sa dei  
  
 Zwino vhone kha vha topole ipfi lîne ja khou talula vha talutshedze uru zwe da hanî (6)
  - (e) Kha vha sumbedze kîlasi dza madzina dzine dza sumbedza u sa vha muthu (non-personal noun) kha luambo lwavho (5)
- /25/**

**MBUDZISO 3**

Naho vhuvhili hazwo 'Nganea' na 'Dirama' zwi wela nga fhasi ha manwalwa zwi a fhambana maelana na zwi tevhelaho

- |                     |     |
|---------------------|-----|
| (a) Tshivhumbeo     | (7) |
| (b) Tshakha         | (7) |
| (c) Mufhindulano na | (6) |
| (d) Thaluso         | (5) |

Kha vha rere vhuvhili hazwo vho zwi livhisa kha (a), (b), (c) na (d)

**/25/**

**MBUDZISO 4**

- |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |     |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|
| (a) Kha vha nange phukha mbili dzine dza shumiswa kha silogenzi zwa dzikilabu zwa mitambo na u talutshedza uri ndi ngani two tea u shumiswa nga dzenedzo dzikilabu                                                                                                      | (5) |
| (b) Musi Vho Mandela vhe vha vha vhe muphurisidennde vha tshi tou vhonala, vhatu vho gwalabela linwe dzina                                                                                                                                                              |     |
| (i) Ndii jifhio dzina?                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | (1) |
| (ii) Mugwalabo uyo u pfi minni na uri ndi ngani vha tshi khou gwalaba?                                                                                                                                                                                                  | (4) |
| (c) Kha vha talutshedze uri ndi ngani vhatu vha tshi funa u imba na u gwalaba tshifhinga tshinwe na tshinwe vha tshi hanedzana na muvhuso kana mabindu/zwiimiswa zwa nthia                                                                                              | (5) |
| (d) Kha tshitshavha tsha Afrika, vhana tshifhinga tshothe vha funzwa mikhwa u bva kha mirero, naho, namusi, zwi songo dalesa hayani na kha manwalwa. Kha vha nange mirero mivhili vha i talutshedze uri i shuma hanu kha u gudisa vhana vhuvha havho                    | (5) |
| (e) Nga tshifhingani tsha kale vhaaluwa vho vha vha tshi ita muano nga dzinyimbo dza u malana Izwi zwithu zwi kha di itwa naa zwino? Kana zwi kha di vha hone naa? Kha vha nange luimbo vha lu talutshedze uri lwo vha lu tshi shumiswa hanu kana lu khou shumiswa hanu | (5) |

**/25/**

**THANGANYELO: [100]**

## XITSONGA

### XIVUTISO XA 1

- (a) Kanelo nongoti wa *Vumunhu/Ubuntu* hi ku komisa u tlhela u vula loko ku ri leswaku ndhavuko wa n'wina wu amukela *Vumunhu/Ubuntu* hi *mafundzha* kumbe wa byi nyefula Seketela nhlamulo ya wena hi swikombiso swo huma eka vutomi bya masiku hinkwawo (10)
- (b) Hlaya xitshuriwa lexi landzelaka kutani u hlamula swivutiso leswi xi landzelaka

**Buthanani i jaha leru nga na khumenhungu wa malembe hi vukhale. U dyondza exikolweni xa Bankuna, eNkowankowa, laha a endlaka giredi ya 9. Wa ha ku amukeriwa laha xikolweni eka lembe reru. U kulerile eTsakanu, eMamelodi laha a tshama kona na vatsvari va yena. Laha hi kona a nga sungula ku dyondza xikolo kona ku kondza swi n'wi tsandza ku pasa giredi ya 8, n'waxemu (T V Maringa, 2006)**

- (i) Kanelo switatisi leswi landzelaka **kh; h, v; ts** na **r** mayelana na
- Vukona kumbe ku pfumaleka ka **rito/ntwariso** loko swi vuriwa
  - **Ndhawu laha swi vumbiwaka kona.** (10)
- (ii) Hlamusela endlelo ra **nomuhato** eka Xitsonga u tirthisa rito leru khwatihatiweke eka xitshuriwa lexi nga laha henhla (5)
- [25]**

### XIVUTISO XA 2

- (a) Mayelana na ririmu ra Xitsonga, tsala tinoti to koma hi
- (i) Nongoti wa 'mofimi' kumbe xiaki xa rito (3)
  - (ii) Ku vumba maviti hi ku tirthisa rimitsu ra riendli (5)
  - (iii) Leswi nhlamuselo ya riendli yi nga cincisiwaka xiswona hi ku tirthisa swilandzi/swiheteleri (5)
  - (iv) Hlamusela nkoka wa ribumabumeri eka riviti (5)
- (b) Kanelo xivumbeko xa masungulo xa xivulwa xa Xitsonga u tlhela u nyika swikombiso swo kombisa leswi u swi vulaka (7)
- /25/**

**XIVUTISO XA 3**

- (a) Kanelo nongoti wa matsalwa ya ndhavuko mayelana na swihlawulekisi swa wona kumbe muxaka wa wona na ntirho wa vayingiseri kumbe vahlaleri loko ya ri karhi ya endliwa eka Xitsonga (7)
- (b) Ntlangu wu tala ku va na kungu leri nga avanyiswaka hi swiyimo/swiphemu swa mune Kanelo swiyimo/swiphemu leswi u ri karhi u kombeta leswaku swimunhuhatwa eka ntlangu swi nga pfuneta njhani ku vumba kungu (7)
- (c) Xirungulwana/xihungwana na novhele swi yelanisiwa no rungula xitor, kası swi tlhela swi hambana hi tindlela to tala Kanelo xitatimendhe lexı hi ku pimanisa xirungulwana/xihungwana na novhele leswi u swi hlayeke (10)
- (d) Hetisa xivulwa lexı landzelaka Eka vutlhokovetseri, vufanisi byi vumbiwa hi ku tirhisa swigaririm swo tanahi na (1/2 + 1/2=1)  
[25]

**XIVUTISO XA 4**

- (a) Hlamusela
- (i) Swihlawulekisi, na  
(ii) Ntirho wa
- Swiphato swa swivongo eka Tindzimi ta Vantima (10)
- (b) Ku tirhisiwa ka swiharhi eka swilogene swi tolrevelekile eka Tindzimi ta Vantima Kanelo leswaku eka ntolovelio lowu, swihlawulekisi swa swiharhi swi na vuxaka njhani na swin'wana swa swipanu swa mitlangu/swipotso kumbe titlabu ta mitlangu/swipotso leswi u swi tivaka (10)
- (c) Kanelo ntirho lowu swinavetiso swi nga vaka na wona eku vumbeni ka mavonele ya vanhu lava swi vonaka kumbe ku swi hlaya hi ku kongomisa eka xinavetiso xin'wana na xin'wana lexı u nga tshama u hlangana na xona (5)  
/25/  
**TIMARAKA HINKWATO· [100]**

ANSWER BOOK





















































