

DIG1501

October/November 2017

DIGITAL SYSTEMS I (THEORY)

Duration 3 Hours

100 Marks

EXAMINERS

FIRST

SECOND

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Programmable pocket calculator is permissible

Closed book examination

This examination question paper remains the property of the University of South Africa and may not be removed from the examination venue

This examination question paper consists of 6 pages including the cover page plus 1 page answer sheet

Submit answer sheet with your examination script

Answer all the questions

PLEASE NOTE IF YOU HAVE THE OPINION THAT INSUFFICIENT INFORMATION IS SUPPLIED FOR YOU TO ANSWER A PARTICULAR QUESTION, MAKE A REALISTIC ASSUMPTION, MOTIVATE IT AND THEN ANSWER THE QUESTION

QUESTION 1

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

1 1 On a digital waveform, the transition time from a LOW level to a HIGH level is called

- A) period B) pulse width C) fall time D) rise time_____ (1)

1 2 Which edge in Figure 1-1 is the leading edge?

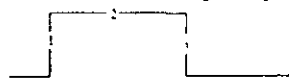


Figure 1-1

- A) 1 B) 2 C) 3 D) Both 1 and 3 (1)

1 3 Which edge in Figure 1-1 is the trailing edge?

- A) 1 B) 2 C) 3 D) Both 1 and 3 (1)

1 4 The time between transition 1 and transition 3 in Figure 1-1 is the ____

- A) period B) pulse width C) amplitude D) frequency (1)

1 5 The approximate **duty cycle** for the digital waveform below is (1)



- A) 30% B) 80% C) 20% D) 50% (1)

1 6 Which circuit converts data from serial form to parallel form? (1)

- A) Comparator B) Demultiplexer C) Encoder D) Multiplexer (1)

1 7 Perform the following binary values subtraction

$$1100 - 0111 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

- A) 101 B) 11110 C) 110 D) 010 (1)

1 8 The 2's complement of binary 110110 is _____

- A) 110100 B) 001010 C) 001001 D) 101010 (1)

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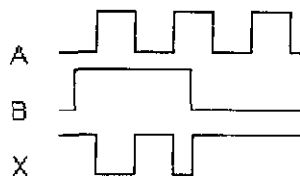
- 1 9 The highest single digit value in the octal number system is _____ (1)
A) 1 B) 7 C) 9 D) 8
- 1 10 Which of the following is an invalid BCD code? (1)
A) 1101 B) 0011 C) 0101 D) 1001
- 1 11 Which of the following is the most widely used code for computer keyboard? (1)
A) Gray B) parity C) ASCII D) EBCDIC
- 1 12 What is the BCD form of 438 in odd parity? (1)
A) 100001101000 B) 1010000111000 C) 0100000110100
D) 0100001110001
- 1 13 The Hamming code is a(n) _____ (1)
A) encryption code B) an updated version of the ASCII code
C) error correction code D) octal version of the BCD code
- 1 14 Which of these truth tables represents the Exclusive-NOR gate? (1)

A	B	X	A	B	X	A	B	X	A	B	X
0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0
1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0

(A) (B) (C) (D)

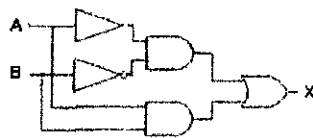
- A) (A) B) (B) C) (C) D) (D) (1)

- 1 15 This is the timing diagram for a 2-input _____ gate (1)



- A) AND B) Exclusive-OR C) OR D) NAND (1)

- 1.16 What type of logic circuit is represented by Figure 2-1? (1)



- A) XAND B) XNOR C) XOR D) XNAND (1)

[TURN OVER]

- 1 17 The symbol in Figure 3-1 represents a(n) _____ (1)

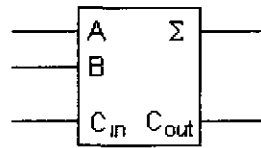
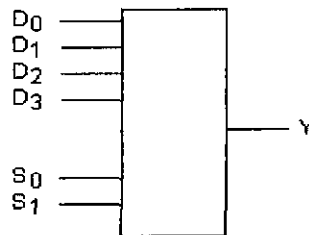


Figure 3-1

- A) PLD B) Full-adder C) Half-adder D) And function (1)
- 1 18 Refer to the symbol in Figure 3-1. What are the output when $A = 1, B = 1, C_{in} = 1$?
- A) $\Sigma = 0, C_{out} = 1$ B) $\Sigma = 0, C_{out} = 0$ C) $\Sigma = 1, C_{out} = 0$
D) $\Sigma = 1, C_{out} = 1$ (1)

- 1 19 The symbol below is most likely a _____



- A) multiplexer B) demultiplexer C) full-adder D) comparator (1)

[19]

QUESTION 2

- 2 1 Using Binary multiplication, multiply 5.7_8 and 22_{10} and give your answer in Hexadecimal. (5)
- 2.2 Do the following subtraction using the 2's complement method:
 $72_{16} - 4F_{16}$. (Answer in Decimal) (4)
- 2 3 By first converting to Binary, calculate $9E_{216} - 8_{16}$.
Give the final answer in Octal. (5)
- 2 4 Do the following addition in signed binary using the 2's complement method.
 $31_8 + (-40_8)$ (6)

[20]

QUESTION 3

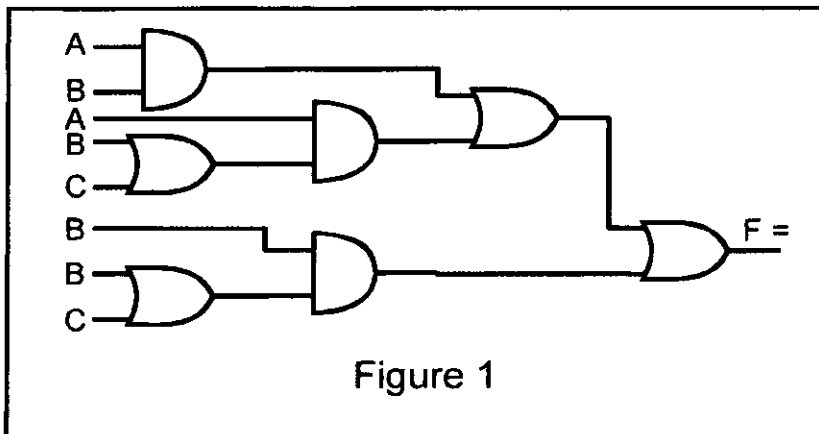
- 1.1 Define the term multiplexer Give its truth table and then draw a 4 to 1 multiplexer.. (10)

[TURN OVER]

- 3 2 Draw a logic symbol and give the truth table for a full adder (6)
- 3 3 The ASCII letter G is 1000111 Show the parity bit for the letter G with
 3 3 1 odd parity (2)
 3 3 2 even parity (2)
- 3 4 Define the function of a comparator how it could test two 4-bit numbers for equality? Draw the logic diagram to explain your answer. (5)
[25]

QUESTION 4

- 4 1 Refer to figure 1 and give the logic expression for the circuit. (3)



- 4 2 Simplify the expression obtained in 4 1 by use of Boolean Algebra. (5)
[8]

QUESTION 5

- 5 1 Simplify the following expression using the laws of Boolean Algebra:

$$Y = \bar{A}\bar{B}\bar{C}D + \bar{A}B\bar{C}D + \bar{A}B\bar{C}\bar{D} + AB\bar{C}D + A\bar{B}\bar{C}D \quad (5)$$

- 5 2 Draw a circuit for the following expression:

$$F = \overline{[\overline{WX + (X + Y)Z}][WZ + X]} \quad (5)$$

[10]

QUESTION 6 (Use the answer sheet provided)

South African Breweries (SAB) are having a problem of bottling. The problem is the operator keeps falling asleep and if a fault occurs thousands of liters are wasted. S A B. would like you to build a circuit that will set off an alarm and wake up the operator should a fault occur.

There are four T T L compatible sensors in the bottling plant which do the following:

- Sensor A: Detects if the filling tap is on
("1" tap on, "0" tap off)
- Sensor B: Detects if a bottle has a cap on
("0" = no cap, "1" = cap on)
- Sensor C: Detects if the bottle is full.
("0" = empty, "1" = full)
- Sensor D: Detects if a bottle is being moved on the conveyer belt
("0" = stationary, "1" = moving)

The alarm should sound (logic "1" output) if any of the following conditions occur:

- 1 A bottle is full but the tap is still on
- 2 A bottle has a cap on and the tap is on
- 3 If a bottle is empty and has a cap on
- 4 The bottle is being moved on the conveyer belt when the tap is on

Design a circuit using the table and Karnaugh map to draw a logic **diagram on the answer sheet** which meets these requirements **and hand in the answer sheet with your examination script..** [18]

TOTAL 100

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