**Natural Law Principles**

- **Creatures**
  - Protection of Ownership
  - Enforcement of Contracts → **PEA**
  - Avoidance of Harm → **PRA**
  - Punishment for Contravention → **tremat principles**

- **Influence / Until 19th Century**
  - Rise of positivism / evolution an end to the constitute a science of law as a science (Legal Positivist (Early Modern))
  - World War II, atomic cities / created new interest in NL

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**Conflict Between**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Law as it ought to be</th>
<th>Law as it is</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pre Modern Thinkers</td>
<td>Modern Thinkers</td>
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</table>

- **Pre Modern Thinkers**
  - **Natural (Metaphysical) Laws**
  - Enforcement of Laws
  - Uncertain

- **Modern Thinkers**
  - **Positive (Human) Laws**
  - Written Down Laws
  - Literal wording
Modern Thinking: In essence, science and methods in Enlightenment to 18th Century 2.8 is based on certain characteristics:

- **Science** is a systematic, empirical, and objective approach to knowledge that follows certain principles and methods to make advances in science for human welfare.

**Characteristics:**

1. **Public:** Natural science's advances led to belief that must become more scientific.

2. **Enrichment/Enlightenment:** Science must be improved for the scientific method to be effective.

3. **Legal:** Modern thinking influenced by legal institutions and principles.

4. **Basic:** Emphasis on observation, analysis, and interpretation in social policy and institutional analysis (D-A-I - SFI-A).

**Reflective/Reflective Thinking**

- Reasoned in light of modern thinking.
- Pleasure arising at face level.
- Reflective thought system.
- Reflective thinking as a scientific method.
- Can assume/think a new framework with/without scientific input.

**Reflective/Reflective Thinking:**

- Reasoned in light of modern thinking.
- Can refuse/accept social arrangements as reasonable or unreasonable.

**Social Contractual Basis (Heges & Locke):**

A society of the result of the contract/compact of its citizens (Social Contract).


- Legal: Could be done with no crime.
- Legal: Natural law idea/traditional/empirical practice/traditional/empirical.
- Total aggregation of standing/collective point for the new science law. As a basis of the legal description...

**Basic Law of Nature:**

- Basis of the legal description.

**Self-Preservation:**

A legal: Basis of the legal description.

- Basis of the legal description.

**Economic (Social Contract):**

- Basis of the legal description.

**Universal:**

A universal right.

- Basis of the legal description.}

- Basis of the legal description.