

## FAC3702 Question 16, Tutorial letter 103

## **Purpose**

The purpose of this document is to support the podcast that discusses question 16 of tutorial letter 103. It is therefore recommended that you read and familiarise yourself with the information provided in question 16 before you listen to the podcast.

## **Question 1**

## Step 1 - Financial year of Perfect Paint Ltd

1 January 2013-

<del>-34</del> December 2012 │

## Step 2 – Read question effectively

- 1. Read the information in the question
- 2. Identify the events that affect each asset

## Computer software

	Casf flow hedge	Cash flov	v hedge				
1-Jan-12	01-Feb-12	15-Mar-12	01-Apr-12	15-Jun-12	31-Dec-12		
T-1911-17	01-Feb-12	15-Wdf-12	01-Apr-12	15-Jun-12	31-Det-12		
on cancellable order placed					; !		
hus Firm commitment					Year end		
Order value = \$10 500		1	Date asset availabl	e for use	Amotisation	for 9 months	
	FEC taken out to hedge						
	\$5 500						
				i I			
		Transaction date		Settlement of \$5 500			
		R11 500 customs duty paid		FEC Matures			
		\$5 000 paid in cash					
	Differences on FEC taken	Differences or	FEC taken to				
	to cash flow hedge reserve	cash flow hedge reserve					
	reserve						
		<u> </u>					
		<u> </u> 		At 15 June bal on C/F R	eserve written	off in profit/loss	
				Journal 7			
		:					
		At 15 Mar bal on C/F Reserv					
		as per accounting policy sta	ited in question - Jo	urnal 5			

# Internally generated intangible asset - Formula

01-Feb-12	30-Apr-12	01-Oct-12	31-Dec-12		
3 months	5 months	3 mont	hs	Calculate I/L as	
Research phase	Development phase	Amortise a	asset	there is an indication of	. )
				Impairment	$\mathcal{V}$
		Useful life = 4 years		\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	
		RV = RO			
1 Researcher at R30 000 pm	W&E = R8 000 pm			Amortisation	
W&E = R8 000 pm	Dep = R18 000 x 5/12			Impairment of asset	
Dep = R18 000 x 3/12	S&W = R40 000 pm				
			Carrying amo	<b>★</b> ount – Recoverable amount = IMF	PAIRMENT
			Recoverable amount = The higher of		
			· fair valu	e less costs to sell R355 000 and	
				in use of R352 812 calculated @ 1	16%

## Step 3 - Answer the question

- 1. Start answering the question
- 2. Before attempting the calculations:
  - a. Draw a framework of the notes and insert information as far as possible.
    Example narrative information, You have thus earned marks before you can get into the detail of the question

## **DISCLOSURE**

Below is an illustration of what the disclosure for the Intangible asset, impairment loss and profit before tax **MUST** look like before you attempt calculations. This information was obtained from the question

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 December 2012

### **Intangible Assets**

Carrying amount at the beginning of the year Cost Accumulated amortisation
Accumulated amortisation
Additions 95 245
Amortisation (included in other expenses) (14 287)
Impairment (included in other expenses)
Carrying amount at the end of the year 80 958
Cost 95245
Accumulated amortization and impairment losses (14 287)

The purchased intangible asset has a carrying amount of R80 958 and a remaining useful life of 4 ¼ years at year end.

The developed intangible asset has a carrying amount of **[Rvalue]** and a remaining useful life of **[ years]** at year end.

❖ NOTE: The amounts for the purchased software was obtained from the journals in question 1

#### **Profit before tax**

Profit before tax includes the following:

Income

Foreign exchange difference (2 200 + 220)

2 420

Expenses

Amortisation included in other expenses (14 287 +

Research costs

Depreciation (256 750 +

Impairment loss, included in other expenses

# \* NOTE: The amounts included above was obtained from the journals in question 1 and the information in the question.

#### Impairment loss

The intangible asset, a formula for an odourless paint was impaired during the current financial year due to the competitor having developed a similar product.

The impairment loss amounted to R

The recoverable amount of the asset is R

You need to disclose:

- 1. What is impaired?
- 2. Why it is impaired?
- 3. The impairment loss
- 4. The recoverable amount (RA) and what the recoverable amount is based on.
- 5. If the RA = value in use, state the pre-tax discount rate used to calculate the RA