

Suggested Solution – Oct/Nov 2012 UNISA exam FAC2601

Question 1:

Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income of Light Bulb Ltd for the year ended 29 February 2012

	R
Sales (4 560 000 x 100/114)	4 000 000
Cost of Sales (60%)	(2 400 000)
Gross Profit (40%)	1 600 000
Other Operating Income (19 000+50 000+6 500)	75 500
Administrative Expenses	(1 103 000)
Distribution Expenses	(134 000)
Other Expenses (185 000- 4950)	172 550
Finance Costs (2700+2250)	(4 950)
Profit before Tax	1 253 700
Income Tax Expense	(64 000)
Profit for the year	1 189 700
Other comprehensive Income	-
Total Comprehensive Income	1 189 700

Notes to the annual financial Statements of Light Bulb Ltd for the year ended 29 February 2012

1. Profit Before Tax

Profit before tax is calculated after taking the following among others into account:

Income

	R
Sales	4 000 000
Other Income:	
Profit on sale of Motor Vehicles	6 500
Income from Subsidiaries:	
- Dividends	6 000
- Interest	3 000
Dividends . From Listed investments	10 000
Fair Value gains on listed investments	50 000

Expenses

Salaries	1 000 000
Including DirectorsqRemuneration:	
Executive Directors	243 000
- Emoluments	286 000
- Pension	12 000
- Less: Paid by subsidiary	(55 000)
Non-Executive Directors	68 500
- Emoluments	62 000
- Pension	6 000
- Less: Paid by Subsidiary	-
Operating lease Expense	25 000
Lease Payments	32 500
Deferred Lease Payment	(7 500)
Depreciation (4 000+ 13 500 +12 000)	29 500
AuditorsqRemuneration	
- Fees	20 000
- Expenses	4 000

Calculations

1. Directors' Remuneration

Executive:

FD: $120\,000 + (625 \times 4) + 55\,000(\text{Sub})$

MD: $100\,000 + 6\,000(\text{TA}) + (625 \times 4)$

= 286 000

Non-Executive:

Chairman: $60\,000 + (625 \times 4) = 62\,500$

2. Operating Lease

$24 \times 6\,500 = 156\,000$

$24 \times 3\,500 = \underline{84\,000}$

Total Cost = 240 000

Expense per month: $240\,000/48 = 5\,000$

2012 Expense = $R5\,000 \times 5\text{months} = 25\,000$

2012 PMT = $R6\,500 \times 5\text{months} = 32\,500$

Prepayment = $32\,500 - 25\,000 = 7\,500$

3. Interest on Loan

Outstanding Balance at Year-end = R45 000

At Year-end there are 5 remaining payments. (7-2)

Therefore each payment = $45\,000/5 = R9\,000$.

Interest Mar-Aug 2011 = $(45\,000 + 9000) \times 10\% \times 6/12 = 2\,700$

Interest Sept-Feb 2012 = $45\,000 \times 10\% \times 6/12 = 2\,250$

Total Interest = 4 950

4. Fair Value adjustment on Investment:

$50\,000 \text{ shares} \times (R4-R3) = R50\,000$ Fair Value Adjustment through P/L

5. Motor Vehicles

Carrying amount of **asset sold** at Beginning of the year = R40 000

Less: Depreciation till date of sale ($40\,000 \times 20\% \times 6/12$) = (R4 000) *

Carrying amount at date of sale (31 Aug 2011) = R36 000

Proceeds on Sale = (R42 500)

Profit on sale = R 6 500

Depreciation on remainder of vehicles:

Values at Year-end:

Cost (given): 120 000

Accumulated Depreciation (given) (30 000)

Carrying amount at year-end 90 000

Less: Asset Sold (36 000)

Carrying amount of assets not sold: 54 000

CA at Begin of year . 20% depreciation = CA at end of year

$$\frac{80\% \text{ CA B.O.Y}}{80\%} = \frac{54\,000}{80\%}$$

CA B.O.Y = 67 500

Therefore, Depreciation = 67 500- 54 000 = 13 500*

6. Equipment

Carrying Amount at Year-end = 24 000 (given)

At Year end asset is 3 years old

Therefore, the remaining life is 2 years

24 000/ 2 = 12 000 depreciation per year.

Total Depreciation = 12 000 (equipment) + 13 500(Motor Vehicles) + 4 000(MV sold)
= 29 500

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Question 2

	Ordinary Share Capital	10% Cumulative Preference Share Capital	12% Non-cumulative Preference share Capital	Retained Earnings	Revaluation Surplus	Mark-to-Market Reserve
Balance as at 1 March 2011	1 500 000	300 000	450 000	800 000	250 000	40 000
Movements for the year:						
Total Comprehensive income for the year:						
- Profit for the year				2 186 100		
- Other comprehensive income for the year					500 000	22 500
Issue of non-cumulative preference shares			100 000			
Issue of Ordinary share capital	400 000					
Capitalisation issue	285 000			(285 000)		
Ordinary dividends				(114 000)		
10% cumulative preference dividends				(60 000)		
12% non-cumulative preference dividends				(60 000)		
Balance as 28 February 2012	2 185 000	300 000	550 000	2 467 100	750 000	62 500

Calculations:

1. Revaluation

$$2\,500\,000 - 2\,000\,000 = 500\,000$$

2. Preference share issue

$$25\,000 \times R4 = R100\,000$$

Calculations continued:

3. Interest on loan

$$900\,000 \times 15\% \times 8/12 = 90\,000$$

4. Fair Value adjustment

$$1\,500 \times R95 = 142\,500$$

$$\text{Carrying amount} = \underline{(120\,000)}$$

$$\text{FV adj though M2M} = 22\,500$$

5. Profit for the year

Gross Profit (given) =	4 000 000
Admin expenses =	(800 000)
Distribution exp =	(80 000)
Other exp =	(120 000)
Finance costs =	(90 000) (from calc 3)
Other income =	100 000
Income tax =	<u>(823 900)</u>
Profit for the year =	2 186 100

6. Capitalisation issue

$$\text{Shares at beginning of the year} \quad 1\,500\,000/2 = 750\,000$$

$$\text{Issue 31 Oct 2011 (given)} \quad \underline{200\,000}$$

$$\text{Total} \quad 950\,000$$

$$\text{Issued at 1 for every 5:} \quad 950\,000/5 = 190\,000$$

$$190\,000 \text{ shares} \times R1.50 = R285\,000$$

7. Dividends

$$\text{Ordinary dividend: } 950\,000 + 190\,000 = 1\,140\,000 \times 10\text{c} = R114\,000$$

$$\text{Cumulative preference dividend: } 10\% \times 300\,000 \times 2\text{yrs} = R60\,000$$

Non-cumulative preference dividend:

$$450\,000 \times 12\% = 54\,000$$

$$100\,000 \times 12\% \times 6/12 = \underline{6\,000}$$

$$\text{Total} \quad 60\,000$$

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Question 3

1.

Dr Machinery	545 000	
Cr Bank		25 000
Cr Lease Liability		520 000

Capitalisation of leased assets and lease liability with initial direct costs capitalised to the asset

Dr Lease Liability	163 120	
(39 874 + 40 472 + 41 079 + 41 695)		
Cr Finance Cost		27 576
(7 800 + 7 202 + 6 595 + 5 979)		
Cr Bank		190 696
(47 674 x4)		

Accounting for lease payments between repayment of capital amounts and finance costs

Dr Depreciation	136 250	
Cr Accumulated depreciation machinery		136 250
(545 000 x ¼)		

Accounting for depreciation on leased machinery for the year.

2.

Statement of Financial Position as at 21 December 2011

Equity and Liabilities

Non-current Liabilities

Finance lease liability	183 752
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Current Liabilities

Current portion of finance lease liability	173 129
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Question 4

Statement of Financial Position of Apply (Pty) Ltd as at 31 December 2011

<u>Assets</u>		R
<u>Non-Current Assets</u>		
Property Plant and Equipment	1	2 735 000
Financial Assets (20 000 + 25 000)		
<u>45 000</u>		2 780 000
<u>Current Assets</u>		
Inventories		380 500
Trade and other receivables		627 200
Other financial assets		21 000
Prepaid Lease expense		<u>4 600</u>
		<u>1 033 300</u>
Total Assets		<u>3 803 300</u>

Notes to the financial statements of Apply (Pty) Ltd for the year ended 31 December 2011

1. Property Plant and Equipment

	Land	Buildings	Motor Vehicles	Crane	Machinery & Equipment
Carrying amount at 1 Jan 2011	380 000	-	420 000	360 000	240 000
- Cost	380 000	-	700 000	480 000	360 000
- Accumulated depreciation	-	-	(280 000)	(120 000)	(120 000)
Movements					
Additions	-	960 000	90 000	-	150 000
Disposals	-	-	(24 000)	-	-
Revaluations	420 000	-	-	-	-
Depreciation expense	-	-	(143 000)	(56 000)	(62 000)
Depreciation capitalised	-	40 000	-	(40 000)	-
Carrying amount at 31 Dec 2011	800 000	1 000 000	343 000	264 000	328 000
- Cost	800 000	1 000 000	730 000	480 000	510 000
- Accumulated depreciation	-	-	(387 000)	(216 000)	(182 000)

Land consists of erf 135, Midrand. The land was revalued on 31 December 2011 by Mr S Coetzee, a sworn appraiser.

Calculations

1. Crane Depreciation

480 000/60 x 5months = 40 000 depreciation capitalised
 480 000/60 x 7months = 56 000 depreciation expensed

2. Motor Vehicles

Asset Sold:
 Depreciation: 60 000 x 20% x 6/12 = 6 000
 Carrying amount at date of sale:
 60 000- 30 000-6 000 = 24 000

Assets bought:
 $102\ 600 \times 100/114 = 90\ 000$
Depreciation = $90\ 000 \times 20\% \times 6/12 = 9\ 000$

Original assets not sold
Cost = 700 000
-Sold = (60 000)
640 000
X 20% = 128 000
Total Depreciation = $128\ 000 + 6\ 000 + 9\ 000 = 143\ 000$

3. Machinery and equipment

Based on 20% on diminishing balance
Cost at beginning of the year = 360 000
Accumulated depreciation = (120 000)
Carrying amount 240 000
Depreciation x 20% (48 000)

New asset: $(150\ 000 - 10\ 000) \times 20\% \times 6/12 = 14\ 000$
Total Depreciation: $48\ 000 + 14\ 000 = 62\ 000$

4. Inventories

Raw Materials: $140\ 000 \times 0.95 = 133\ 000$
WIP: 200 000
Finished Goods: $50\ 000 \times 0.95 = \underline{47\ 500}$
380 500

5. Investments

Jones Ltd . Held for trading, therefore current Financial Asset
 $7\ 000 \times R3 = 21\ 000$

Blake Ltd . Not held for trading, therefore non-current Financial Asset
 $5\ 000 \times R4 = 20\ 000$

6. Loan to Shaik

Financial asset, loan given, all non-current.